NASA TECH BRIEF



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Laser Beam Transmits Electric Power

The problem: To supply a sustained level of electrical power to a location that cannot be served by conventional conductors.

The solution: A semiconductor laser beam is directed to a remote photovoltaic cell where its light energy is converted to a constant electrical power level.

How it's done: Emission is stimulated in a gallium arsenide p-n junction to form a high density laser beam. This beam is directed to the remote location that cannot be reached by electrical conductors. The beam is detected by a gallium arsenide photodiode and reconverted to an electrical current. This steady, sustained current is then used to operate a device.

Notes:

1. This system, while effective, suffers from an appreciable loss factor which reduces its efficiency to a quite low level. It would only be useful in an application where the transmission of energy was

- critical and could not be accomplished in any other way.
- This innovation could be used to operate equipment located in a hazardous environment such as near or in a nuclear reactor or an extremely reactive chemical atmosphere.
- 3. Inquiries concerning this innovation may be directed to:

Technology Utilization Officer Goddard Space Flight Center Greenbelt, Maryland, 20771 Reference: B65-10158

Patent status: NASA encourages commercial use of this innovation. No patent action is contemplated.

Source: Radio Corporation of America under contract to Goddard Space Flight Center (GSFC-293)

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